

Will you have enough income in retirement?

This worksheet has been designed to help you get a rough idea of how your income will compare with expenses in retirement, including how long your savings will last. With the help of your financial representative, you can use this worksheet to determine what steps you can take today to make sure you'll have the income you need in retirement.



PART 1 YOUR RETIREMENT INCOME



Social Security was only designed to make up a portion of your income in retirement. To find out more about your anticipated Social Security benefit, visit www.ssa.gov.

Monthly Social Security benefit

Don't know? Use this table to approximate your Social Security benefit:

Age at retirement	Current earnings					
	\$30,000	\$40,000	\$50,000	\$60,000	\$70,000	\$80,000
62	\$730	\$880	\$1,025	\$1,170	\$1,300	\$1,340
66	\$940	\$1,120	\$1,310	\$1,500	\$1,660	\$1,750
70	\$1,240	\$1,480	\$1,730	\$1,970	\$2,190	\$2,300

Source: www.ssa.gov; actual earnings may vary.

The maximum monthly Social Security benefit for an individual collecting at full retirement age (age 65) in 2006 is \$2,053. If you earned \$94,200 (the Social Security Administration's limit on the earnings it uses to calculate benefits in 2006), assume you'll receive the maximum benefit.

Your Social Security benefit \$ _____

Your spouse's \$ _____

Monthly pension benefit

Your employer pension benefit, if any, is typically determined as a percentage of your final salary. This money is provided by your employer's pension plan and is not related to the savings in your 401(k) or profit sharing retirement plans. To find out more, contact your employer.

Your pension benefit \$ _____

Your spouse's \$ _____

Monthly income from work

You may want — or need — to work in retirement. According to a recent AARP survey, the vast majority of workers say they plan to work into their retirement years at least part-time.

Your income from work \$ _____

Your spouse's \$ _____

Monthly income outside of work

Rental income from real estate \$ _____

Royalties \$ _____

Dividends and interest income \$ _____

Other: _____ \$ _____

Monthly income withdrawn from retirement savings

\$ _____

Include all 401(k) plans, IRAs, and other financial assets.



You can use a **reverse mortgage** to convert your home into a dependable stream of income that is guaranteed for as long as you live there.



You can use an **immediate annuity** to convert some or all of your invested assets into a stream of income that is guaranteed for life. Ask your financial representative for details.

Consult your tax advisor or financial representative about whether these strategies may be right for you.

TOTAL MONTHLY INCOME

\$

PART 2 YOUR RETIREMENT EXPENSES



To help make your savings last longer, consider using only **current income** — Social Security, pension, and work — to pay for necessities like taxes, housing, clothing, food, and health care. If your current income is not enough to cover the basics, consider setting up a systematic withdrawal plan from your savings to cover the gap.



Visit www.aaa.com for more information on reducing **transportation expenses**.



Consider the purchase of **life or long-term care insurance** to protect your retirement savings from financially catastrophic medical or long-term care expenses.

Consult your tax advisor or financial representative about whether these strategies may be right for you.

State taxes \$ _____
Federal taxes \$ _____
Local/property taxes \$ _____

Total monthly taxes

\$ _____

Rent/mortgage MORTGAGE INTEREST RATE: _____ %
Could you save money by refinancing your mortgage?

\$ _____

Electricity

\$ _____

Oil/gas

\$ _____

Is your home as energy efficient as it could be?

Water

\$ _____

Ongoing maintenance

\$ _____

Home or renter's insurance premium

\$ _____

Total monthly housing expenses

\$ _____

Car loan payment

\$ _____

Auto insurance premium

\$ _____

You may be able to lower your rate by switching providers, buying an alarm or anti-theft device, or taking public transportation to and from work.

Gas/maintenance

\$ _____

Commuting

\$ _____

Carpooling is a great way to reduce your commuting expenses.

Total monthly transportation expenses

\$ _____

Groceries

\$ _____

Clothing

\$ _____

Total monthly living expenses

\$ _____

Health insurance premium

\$ _____

Life insurance premium

\$ _____

Long-term care insurance premium

\$ _____

Medical expenses

\$ _____

Dental expenses

\$ _____

Gym membership

\$ _____

Would you save money over the course of a year by investing in a treadmill or home gym?

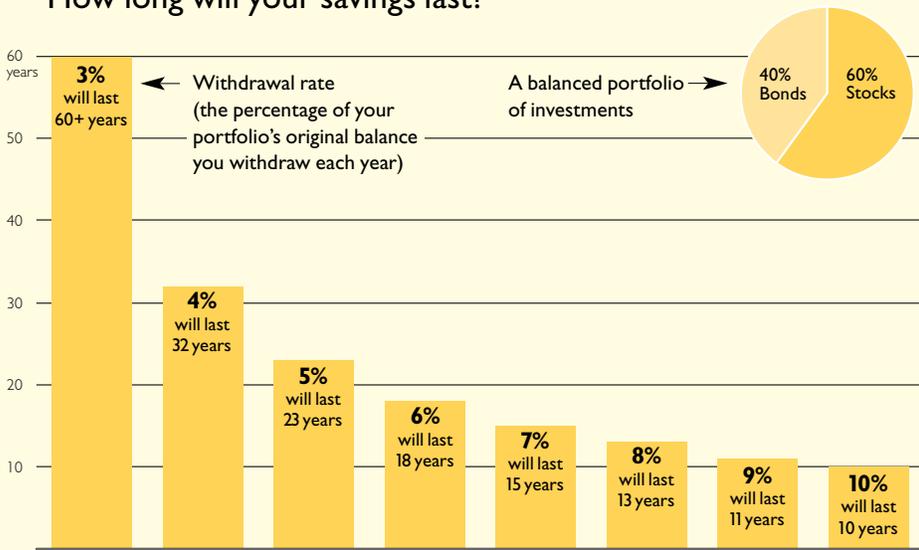
Total monthly health and welfare expenses

\$ _____

Are you withdrawing too much from your savings?

When determining how much to withdraw from your investments, there are several important considerations, including how long you expect to be in retirement and how your assets are allocated among stocks, bonds, and cash. For example, based on historical rates of return, a balanced portfolio of 60% stocks and 40% bonds will last 23 years if you are withdrawing 5% per year. Withdrawing any more than 5% will deplete your account faster.

How long will your savings last?



All withdrawals represent the percentage of the original account balance that is taken out each year. Withdrawals are adjusted for inflation at a rate of 3% annually. These hypothetical illustrations are based on a 10,000-iteration Monte Carlo simulation and do not account for the effect of taxes, nor do they represent the performance of any Putnam fund or product, which will fluctuate. A Monte Carlo simulation is a technique for analyzing the probability of certain events based on historical data. These illustrations use the historical returns from 1926 to 2006 of stocks (as represented by the S&P 500), bonds (U.S. intermediate term government bonds), and cash (30-day T-bills) to determine how long a portfolio is likely to last given various withdrawal rates. Past performance is not a guarantee of future results. Indexes are unmanaged and used as measures of common stock and bond performance. You cannot invest directly in an index.



Are you interested in leaving a legacy?

Two things to consider when providing a family inheritance or charitable donation: First, before providing for others, you want to make sure you have enough income to last your own retirement. Second, you may wish to consult your tax advisor or financial representative about ensuring the proper transfer of your donated assets through a will or trust.

\$ _____ TO _____

\$ _____ TO _____

\$ _____ TO _____

\$ _____ TO _____

YOUR CURRENT WITHDRAWAL RATE

Total assets in:

401(k) accounts \$ _____

IRA accounts \$ _____

Certificates of Deposit \$ _____

Savings accounts \$ _____

Other investment accounts \$ _____

Total retirement savings \$

Monthly income withdrawn from retirement savings (from Part 1) \$ _____

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Annual withdrawal \$

Annual withdrawal \$ _____

Total retirement savings \$ _____

Withdrawal rate %

YOUR YEARS IN RETIREMENT

Years you plan to spend in retirement: years

YOUR INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO

Select the portfolio that best describes your investments:

Aggressive portfolio

Balanced portfolio

Conservative portfolio

Why invest with Putnam?

Since 1937, Putnam Investments has helped millions of shareholders save for life's important goals, from new homes to college educations to retirement. Today, as one of the world's largest investment management firms, we offer a broad range of products to help investors pursue those goals. We are committed to the principles of balance and integrity at our foundation and prudent money management in every portfolio we oversee. Although there can be no assurance that a fund will meet its objectives, our goal is consistent, dependable, superior performance over time.

This material is for informational purposes only. It should not be considered tax advice. You should consult your financial representative to determine what may be best for your individual needs.

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